

EOC Web User Interface Guide

V1.7.0

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1. Introduction

1.1 Brief Views

WEB based network management for EOC is a one of the mode to manage the EOC products.

It need following runtime environment:

- Operating System: Windows2000, Windows XP, Windows NT, Windows Vista and Windows 7
- ➤ Hardware requirement: CPU PIII 800 above, 256M memory, 1G disk space and 10/100M Ethernet interface

1.2 Functional Features

WEB management support the following function in Table-1-1:

Item	Sub-item	Description
Slave	Authorization	To manage the slave by authorized and
Management	Management	un-authorized slave with a white list
	Online Slave List	Show online slave in white list
	Configuring Template	Manage the template of slave configuration
	Port	Show and setting port configuration
	RF Information	Show RF information
Network	Show Running Status	Show running status of EOC Master
	Configuring	Configure the IP, subnet mask, gateway and interface mode
	VLAN Configuring	Setting the VLAN of uplink
	Filter Configuring	Enable broadcast limiting function and setting
		the threshold parameter
Service	Configuring Service	Turn on and turn off some service of the
		system
System	Running Status	Display the system running status, such as
		online time, memory size, remaining memory,
		storage space, remaining space, space
		utilization.
	Information	Display system information, including chip
		model, device type, software version,
		hardware version, serial number, SYS-MAC
		address, EOC-MAC address, amount of online
		slave
	Slave Type	Add, edit and delete the slave type
	System Log	Show system log

	Account	Manage the account
	Reboot	Reboot the system
	Factory Set	Restore factory settings
	Save	Save the current configuration
	Upgrade	Upgrade from FTP server.
Save	Save	Save the current configuration
Exit	Exit	Exit from the WEB user interface

2 WEB Page Reference

This topic describes the usage and meanings of the parameters on the Web Page.

2.1 Logging in to the Web Interface

This topic describes the data plan and procedure for logging in to the Web configuration interface.

Before setting up the configuration environment, ensure that data information listed in table Table2-1 is available.

Item	Description
User name and password	Default settings:
	Administrator:
	- User name: admin
	- Password: admin
LAN IP address and subnet mask	Default settings:
	IP address: 192.168.1.2 (Out-band
	Network)
	IP address: 192.168.2.2 (In-band Network)
	Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0
LAN IP address and subnet mask	Configure the IP address of the PC to be in
	the same subnet as the LAN IP address of
	the EOC
	For example:
	IP address: 192.168.1.100 (From
	Out-band)
	IP address: 192.168.2.100 (From In-band)
	Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0

Procedure

- Step 1: Use a network cable to connect the LAN port of the EOC master to a PC.
- Step 2: Ensure that the Internet Explorer (IE) of the PC does not use the proxy server. The following section considers IE 6.0 as an example to describe how to check whether the IE uses the proxy server.
 - 1. Start the IE, and choose Tools Internet Options from the main menu of the IE window

Then, the Internet Options interface is displayed.

- 2. In the Internet Options interface, click the Connections tab, and then click LAN settings.
- 3. In the Proxy server area, ensure that the Use a proxy server for your LAN (These settings

will not apply to dial-up or VPN connections). Check box is not selected (that is, without

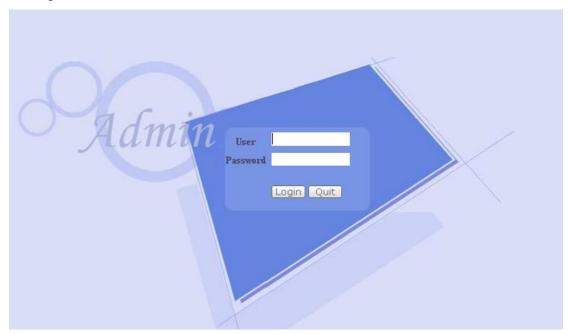
the " $\sqrt{}$ " sign). If the check box is selected, deselect it, and then click OK.

Step 3 Set the IP address and subnet mask of the PC. For details, see Table 2-1.

Step 4 Log in to the Web configuration interface.

1. Enter http://192.168.1.2 in the address bar of IE (192.168.1.2 is the default IP address

of the EOC Master), and then press Enter to display the login interface, as shown in Figure 2-1.



2. In the login interface, enter the use name and password, and select your preferred language. For details about default settings of the user name and password, see Table 2-1. After the password authentication is passed, the Web configuration interface is displayed.

----End

2.2 WEB Frame Introduction

After successfully login, software comes to main frame as Figure-2-2:



As above figure, main frame contain following several parts:

- 1. Program Menu Part;
- 2. Content Display

Program Menu Part

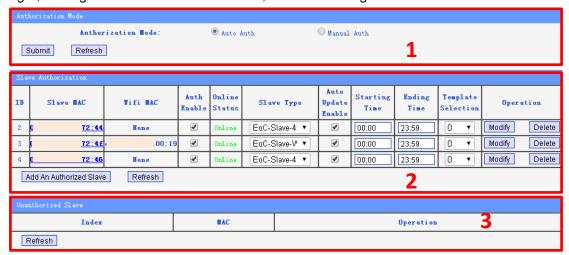
Operation menu contain Slave, RF, Network, Service, System, Save, Exit.

2.3 Slave

This topic describes how to manage the authorization of slave, online slave configuration, configuration template, ports of slave.

2.3.1 Authorization

In the navigation tree on the left, choose Slave >Authorization. In the pane on the right, management authorization of slave, as shown in Figure 2-3



There are three parts in the pane.

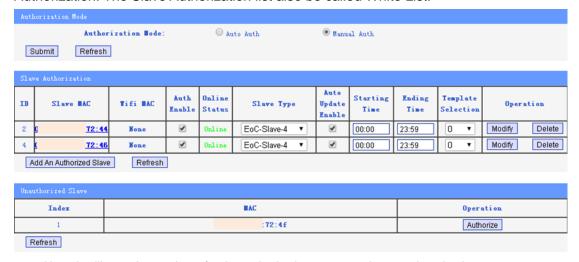
- 1. Authorization Mode
- 2. Slave Authorization
- 3. Unauthorized Slave

The authorization function supporting adding and removing slave devices securely from the network. The slave which is not in the white list can't use the network.

Authorization Mode: Auto Authorization, Manual Authorization

Auto Authorization: Adding the slave automatically as it connect in the network.

Manual Authorization: When the salve connect in the network, it will be added in the Unautorized Slave list, as the operator click the <code>[Authorize]</code> it will be added in Slave Authorization. The Slave Authorization list also be called White List.



Note: It will spend one minute for the authorization process, please wait patiently.

In <code>[Slave Authorization]</code>, you can change the Slave Type and the Template Selection in the <code>[Slave Authorization]</code> list.

Slave Type is to identify the slave by the type defined by the manufacturer. The Type will show as below. For more information about the Slave Type can got to SYSTEM>Slave Type dialog box. (Reference 2.7.3)



Template Selection is to select a configuration that uploading from the master to that slave as it connecting to the network. For more information about the template can got to Slave>Template dialog box. (Reference 2.3.3)



Auto Update Enable is to set the slave getting the configuration template automatically or not.

Your also can add a salve manual by click <code>[Add An Authorized Slave]</code>. The following screen is displayed:

Add Authorization Item			
Slave MAC Address:			
Slave Type:	EoC-Slave-W ▼		
Slave Output Level:	105		
Starting Time:	00:00		
Ending Time:	23:59		
Auth Enable:	€		
Auto Update Enable:	€		
Application of template configuration	0 •		
Submit Reset Back			

Input the desired value in the following boxes: Slave MAC address, Slave Type, Starting Time, Ending Time, Register Enable, Auto update Enable, Application of template configuration. Click Submit to submit your request or Reset to return to the default value, or Back to return to the pre-page.

Click the MAC in [Authorization] white list.

The slave management dialog box is displayed as below:



On the top of pane is the sub-menu (1), on the center of pane is the content displayed box (2).

The sub-menu is "slave Basic Information", "Slave Configuration Information", "Slave MAC Table".

1) slave Basic Information:

The following table describes the labels in this screen

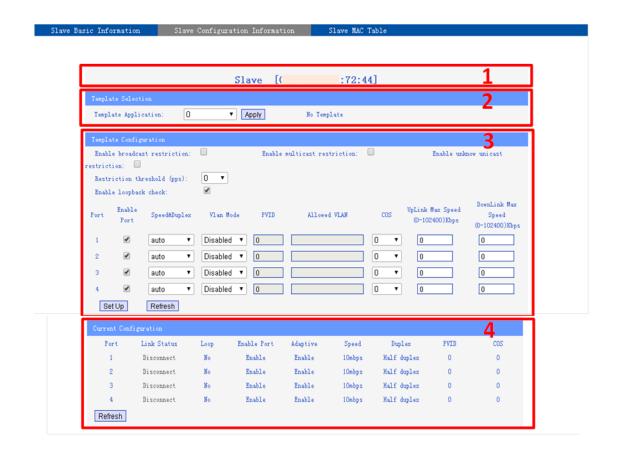
Label	Description	
Slave Type	Salve Type provide by manufacturer (Reference 2.7.3),	
	Select a device from the drop-down list box	

Port Number	This field displays the port number
Software Version	An assigning unique version numbers to unique states of the
	slave software.
User Information	An assigning unique name to unique the slave, it assigned by
	the user. Slave>Online displayed box will show user
	information (Reference 2.3.2)
Attenuation	The attenuation of the link between the master and slave
Signal Noise Ratio	SNR of the slave, it is useful for maintaining to evaluate the
	quality of the link
Modulation	The modulation efficiency in bits/carrier
Speed	This field displays the speed of uplink and downlink in Mbps
Apply	Click Apply to save the changes in this section.
Refresh	Click this to update the data on this section
Help	Click this to go to the home page with the Technical Support
	information
Reboot	Click this to restart the device. This does NOT affect the
	device's configuration.

2) Slave Configuration Information:

With the slave configuration box, you can configure the template of the slave.

That are days comigaration box, you can comigare the template of the diaver		
	Pane	Description
1	Slave	Show current slave's MAC address
2	Template Selection	You can select the slave template to apply to the slave. You can configure the template in the Slave>Template screen. (Reference 2.3.3).
3	Template Configuration	You can configure the slave and save the configuration as a private template for the slave.
4	Current Configuration	Show current status of the slave



Label	Description
Pane 1: Slave	
Slave	Show current slave's MAC address
Pane 2: Template S	Selection
Template	You can select the slave template to apply to the slave. You
Application	can configure the template in the Slave>Template screen.
	(Reference 2.3.3).
Apply	Click Apply to save the changes in this section.
Pane 3: Template C	Configuration
Broadcast	Broadcast suppression prevents LAN interfaces from being
Suppression	disrupted by a broadcast storm. You can enable this feature by
Enabled	elect the Broadcast Suppression Enabled check box
Loop Detection	Loop detection allows the device to detect loops and disable a
Enabled	port that is on the receiving end of a loop. A loop is detected by
	sending test packet. You can enable this feature by select the
	Loop Detection Enabled check box
Mode	This field displays the mode of the port.
	The speed and duplex mode settings for the port.
	You can use this parameter to set the speed and duplex mode
	of a port. Possible settings are:
	Auto - The port is using Auto-Negotiation to set the operating
	speed and duplex mode. This is the default setting for all ports.

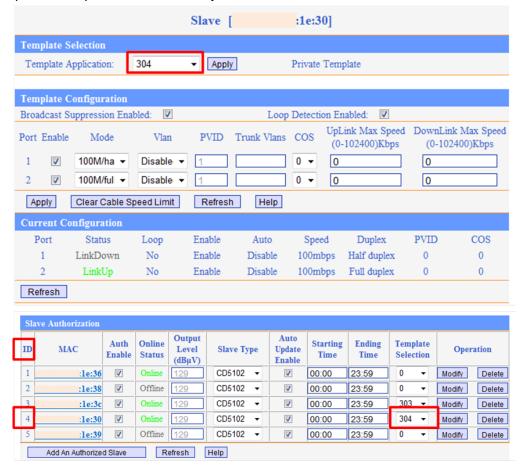
VLAN	The actual operating speed and duplex mode of the port are displayed in parentheses (for example, "100F") after a port establishes a link with an end node. 100M/Full - 100 Mbps in full-duplex mode 100M/Full - 100 Mbps in full-duplex mode 100M/Half - 100 Mbps in half-duplex mode 100M/Half - 100 Mbps in half-duplex mode Ethernet interfaces can be configured either as access ports or a trunk ports, as follows: Disable: Access: An access port can have only one VLAN configured on the interface; it can carry traffic for only one VLAN. Access (Receive) Tagged = PVID: Refuse Access (Receive) Tagged =/ PVID: Refuse Access (Receive) Untagged: Receive and add tag with PVID Access (Transmit) Tagged =/ PVID: Forward and delete tag Access (Transmit) Tagged =/ PVID: Not forward and not process
	Trunk: A trunk port can have two or more VLANs configured on the interface; it can carry traffic for several VLANs simultaneously. Trunk (Receive) Tagged = PVID: Received and not change tag Trunk (Receive) Tagged =/ PVID: Received and not change
	Trunk (Receive) Untagged: Received and add tag=PVID Trunk (Transmit) Tagged = PVID If Passing then forward and delete tag Trunk (Transmit) Tagged =/ PVID If Passing then forward and not change tag
PVID	A PVID (Port VLAN ID) is a tag that adds to incoming untagged frames received on a port. Enter the port's VLAN ID (between 1 and 4095). A VLAN tag reflecting the PVID is inserted in the frame forwarded through the port.
Trunk Vlans	To assign a VLAN ID, type a VLAN ID in the VLAN ID field. Choose a value between 2 and 4,093. Multiple tags are comma separated.
cos	Virtual Local Area Network (VLAN) 802.1p priority tags, also called 'Class of Service (CoS)' tags, on Ethernet frames are used to specify 8 (0 – 7) levels of 'user priority'.
Uplink MAX Speed	Slave upstream maximum speed
Downlink MAX Speed	Slave downstream maximum speed

Арріу	Click this to save the settings
Clear Cable Speed	Clear the speed limit at coaxial cable link,, the function
Limit	specially for the slave configured speed limit by the
	third-party EOC mater.
Refresh	Click this to refresh the information of this screen
Help	Click this to go to the home page with the Technical Support
	information
Pane 4: Current Co	onfiguration
Port	Number of the port
Status	Show the status of the port , link up or link down
Loop	Loop detection result of the port
Enable	The port current status is enabled or disabled.
Auto	If mode of the port is auto, this field displays enable, otherwise
	it displays disable.
Speed	This field displays the speed of the port.
Duplex	This field displays the mode of the port.
PVID	This field displays the PVID of the port.
COS	This field displays the COS of the port.
Refresh	Click this to refresh the information of this screen

Click this to save the settings

Annly

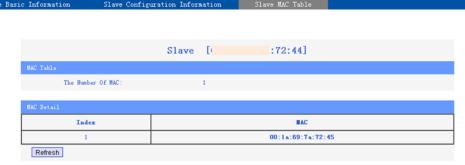
At pane 3, Template Configuration, when you changed the configuration, the system will save a private template for the slave. The private template number will be 300+Slave ID. The private template is available only for the salve.



Note: For slave the VLAN enable and disable will take effect on all ports simultaneously. It means the all ports will enable VLAN (ACCESS mode or TRUNK mode), or disable VLAN.

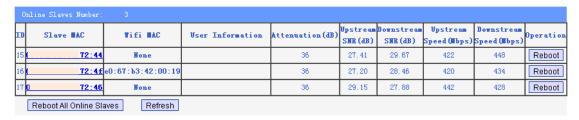
3) Slave MAC Table

The screen displays the MAC address table of the slave.



2.3.2 Online

In the navigation tree on the left, choose Slave >Slave. In the pane on the right, online slave will list as shown in Figure 2-3:



The following table describes the labels in this screen

Label	Description		
Online Salves	Online salve here is the slave in the white list and register to		
Nubmer	the master		
ID	An assigning unique ID numbers to unique slave		
Slave MAC	MAC address of the slave. Click the MAC in online slave list		
	will display slave management dialog box .		
Wifi MAC	If the slave support Wifi then here display the MAC address of		
	the Wifi		
User Information	nformation An assigning unique name to unique the slave, it assigned		
	the user. Slave>authorization> slave Basic Information		
	displayed box can set user information.		
Attenuation (dB)	The attenuation of the link between the master and slave		
Upstream SNR	Upstream SNR of the slave, it is useful for maintaining to		
(dB)	evaluate the quality of the uplink		
Downstream SNR	Downstream SNR of the slave, it is useful for maintaining to		
(dB)	evaluate the quality of the downlink		
Upstream Speed	This field displays the speed of uplink in Mbps		
(Mbps)			

Downstream	This field displays the speed of downlink in Mbps
Speed (Mbps)	
Operation	Reboot, click this to restart the device. This does NOT affect
	the device's configuration.
Reboot Online	Click this to restart the online slaves. This does NOT affect the
Slave	device's configuration.
Refresh	Click this to update the data on this section
Help	Click this to go to the home page with the Technical Support
	information

Note: From reboot the slave to the slave online, this will take to one or two minutes.

2.3.3 Template

A template is a pre-configured set of configuration settings. Templates allow you to configure slave settings efficiently. The template can then be uploaded to one or more devices thus removing the need to configure the corresponding settings for each device.

Use this screen to set the template. Click Slave> Template to display the following screen.



Label	Description		
Pane 1: Slave			
Default Template	Select Enable option to upload the default template		
	configuration to new registered slave. Select Disable the option		
	no template to upload to new registered slave.		
Submit	Click Submit to active your request.		
Refresh	Click this to update the data on this section		
Help	Click this to go to the home page with the Technical Support		
	information		
Pane 2: Template management			
Template Index	An assigning unique numbers to unique Template		
Template Name	An assigning unique neme to unique Template		
Broadcast	Same with the broadcast suppression. It prevents LAN		
Restriction Enable	interfaces from being disrupted by a broadcast storm. You can		
	enable this feature by elect the Broadcast Suppression		
	Enabled check box		

Operation	Modify: A entry to edit the template	
	Delete: Delete the selected template	
Apply Template	Click Apply to save the changes in this section.	
Refresh	Click this to update the data on this section	
Help	Click this to go to the home page with the Technical Support	
	information	

In the list of template, click the <code>[Modify]</code> will open the template as blow screen.



You can change the configuration of nest item.

Template configuration: Template name, broadcast restriction enable, loop detection enable.

Port configuration: Enable the port, mode, VLAN enable or disable, PVID, VLAN ID(When the VLAN mode is trunk), COS, Uplink Max Speed, Downlink Max Speed.

Note: The new template will upload the current template to the online slave automatically as you save the template. .

The <code>[Add New Template]</code> screen is the same with modify the template.

The system supports up to 253 templates.

2.3.4 Auto Upgrade

Click [Auto Upgrade] to display the following screen.



You can setting the auto upgrade here. You can upgrade the PIB or NVM, or both. The <Auto Upgrading File Management> let you connect to the FTP to download the file using for upgrating. As you click the <Commit> the master will upgrade the slave.

2.3.5 MAC Limit

Click [MAC Limit] to display the following screen.

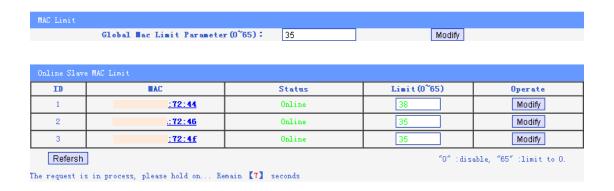


Global Mav Limit is the value of MAC address limit for all the slave under this master. Range of the value is 0-65. For example, we set value to 35 and click the <Modify>, all slaves will reboot and the MAC Limit of each slave had be set to 35. The result display as below.



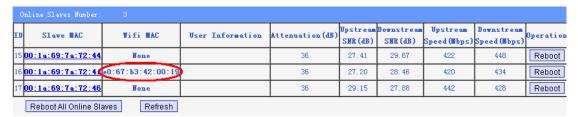
You also can change the MAC Limit value for each slave separate.

For example we set the 72:44 MAC Limit to 38 as next windows.



2.4 WIFI Slave Management

As display below, you can find the Wifi slave by the Wifi MAC.



Clink on the Slave MAC can enter the windows of the slave configuration. There are ten submenu.

- Slave Basic Information
- Slave Configuration Information
- Slave MAC Table
- Wifi Basic Configuration
- Wan Configuration
- Lan Configuration
- Static Route Configuration
- L2 Switch Configuration
- Virtual Server Configuration
- Wifi Management

2.4.1 Slave Basic Information

Click [Slave Basic Information] to display the following screen. You can get the Slave Information, such as Slave Type, Port Number 2, Software Version, User Information, Attenuation, Signal Noise Ratio of upstream and downstream, Modulation and Speed.

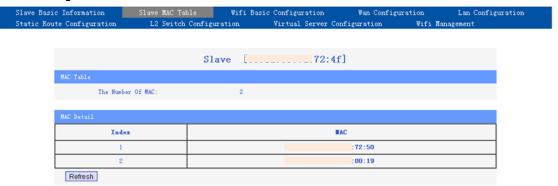


2.4.2 Slave Configuration Information

This submenu please reference the chapters 2.3

2.4.3 Slave MAC Table

Click [Slave MAC Table] to display the MAC address of the client connected to the slave as following screen.

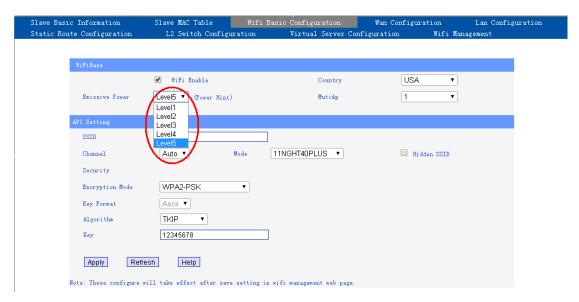


2.4.4 Wifi Basic Configuration

The Wireless Basic Configuration screen lets you view or change the wireless network settings.

To view or change wireless settings:

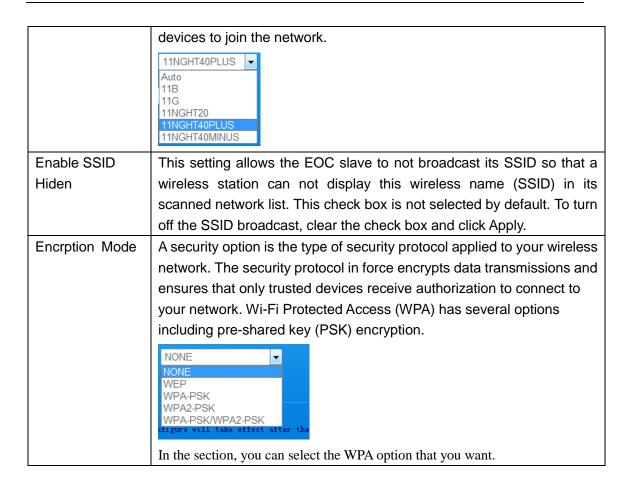
1. Select "Wireless Basic Configuration" to display the following screen



- 2.Make any changes that are needed, and click Submit when done to save your settings. Note:The screen sections, settings, and procedures are explained in the following sections.
- 3.Set up and test your computers for wireless connectivity:
- a.Use your wireless computer or device to join your network. When prompted, enter the network password.
- b. From the wirelessly connected computer, make sure that you can access the Internet.

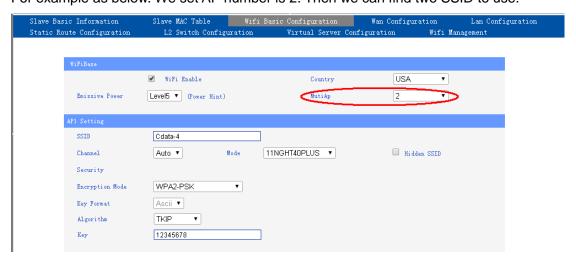
Wireless Settings Screen Fields

Label	Description	
Enable WiFi	You can enable WiFi or not .Once the wireless feature is enable, the	
	wirless device can transmit or receiver from slave, once the feature is	
	disabled, no wireless device can transmit to or receive from your	
	router.	
Emissive Power	The power of Wifi transimtte, the greater the value the higer the power.	
Name (SSID).	The SSID is also known as the wireless network name. Enter a	
	32-character (maximum) name in this field. This field is case-sensitive.	
	The default SSID is randomly generated, and there is typically no need	
	to change it. You are able to change the SSID here. If you use a	
	wireless computer to change the wireless network name (SSID) or	
	security options, you are disconnected when you click Apply. To avoid	
	this problem, use a computer with a wired connection to access the	
	EOC slave.	
Country	The location where the EOC slave is used. It might not be legal to	
	operate the slave in a region other than the regions listed.	
Channel	The wireless channel used by the gateway: 1 through 13. Do not	
	change the channel unless you experience interference (shown by lost	
	connections or slow data transfers). If this happens, experiment with	
	different channels to see which is the best.	
Mode	Up to 145 Mbps is the default and allows 802.11n and 802.11g wireless	



The AP number can set from 1 to 4.

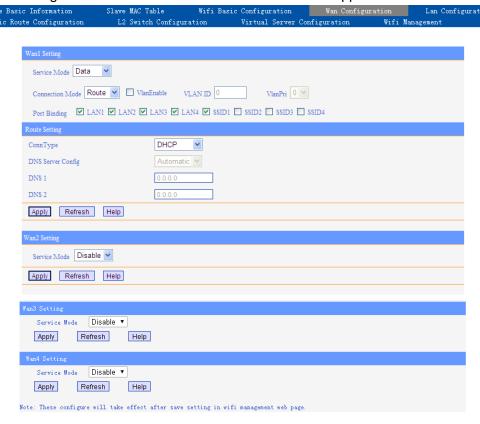
For example as below. We set AP number is 2. Then we can find two SSID to use.



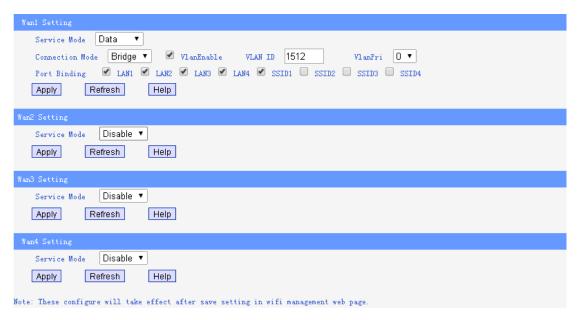


2.4.5 Wan Configuration

You can configure the WAN business here. The slave can support four business.

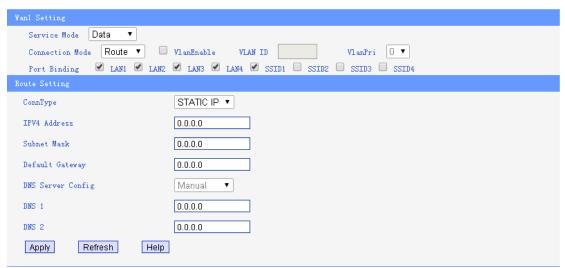


Bridge Mode: If you use bridge mode, you must set VLAN. L2 frame will pass through to the LAN port bound to this WAN. The PC connected the LAN port can use PPPoE separately.

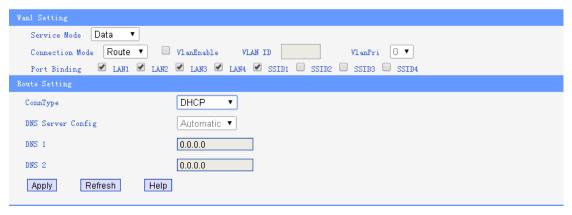


Router Mode: You can set the WiFI to static IP, DHCP and PPPoE.

 STATIC IP: If the connection is "Ethernet Broadband, fixed IP address provided by ISP (Static IP)", please input the IP Address, Sub-net Mask, Gateway and DNS server address provided by your ISP.

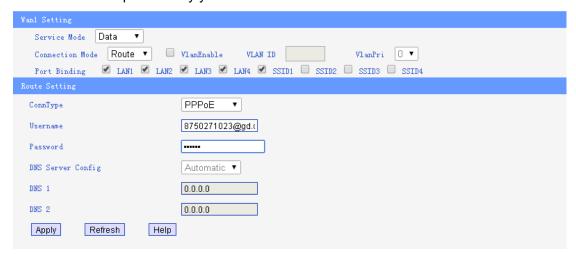


DHCP



• PPPoE: If the connection type is "PPPoE", please input the "User Name" and

"Password" provided by your ISP.



Next is a example of router mode and bridge mode mixed.

IPTV STB connected to LAN1 and SSID2. VLAN ID 1512.

LAN2, LAN3, LAN4 and SSID1 is for internet business.



2.4.6 Lan Configuration



This windows use to display LAN configuration information.

The IP address of the router in the LAN is used for WEB Management access, the factory default value is 192.168.10.1, you can change it according to your requirements.

For example, you can change the IP address of the router as 192.168.8.1 or other.

Note: If you change this IP address into a new IP address, then next time when you log in the router, you must use this new IP address to access the management interface of the router. And all the default gateway of the computer in the LAN should be set as the value of this new IP address.

Netmask: The default Sub-net Mask of this router in the LAN is 255.255.255.0

DHCP Server setting

- ★Tips: DHCP is the abbreviation of Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol which can assign IP address, Subnet Mask, Default Gateway of LAN Client on TCP/IP automatically.
- 1. DHCP Server: The DHCP function will go into effect if you select "Enable" as the figure beside.
- 2. IP Pool Starting Address: The starting IP address which DHCP Server automatically starts.
- 3. IP Pool Ending Address: The ending IP address which DHCP Server automatically ends.

The IP address that DHCP Server assigns to the requested client should be within the IP Pool. e.g., when you configure IP address pool from 10 to 30, the IP Address which can be obtained by the clients would be between 10 and 30

4. Lease Time: You can set the time period during which the DHCP allows the assigned IP addresses to be used by the clients.

By setting a suitable lease time, you would enable the DHCP to take better advantage of the IP addresses which are not used again.

For example, you can set the lease time as one hour, and then the DHCP server would take back the IP addresses per an hour.



2.4.7 Static Route Configuration

You can set the static route here.



2.4.8 L2 Switch Configuration

You can set the Rate Limit and VLN tagged or untagged here.



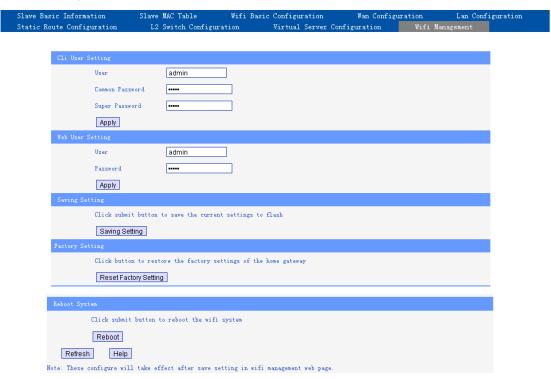
2.4.9 Virtual Server Configuration

Virtual server can configure in next windows.



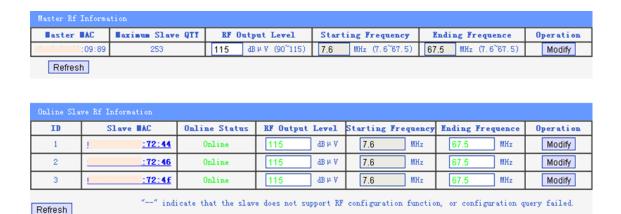
2.4.10 Wifi Management

This windows is for user management, configuration backup and restore the default factory configuration.



2.5 RF

Click the **RF** Info displays the following screen:



The maximum slave quantity, RF output level, frequency will show in this screen. You also can set the RF output level of the master.

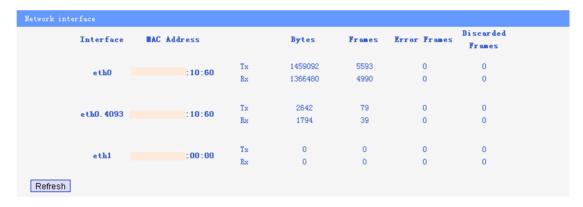
2.6 NETWORK

The NETWORK menu provide the entry of status of interface, configuring network parameter, VLAN management, broadcast suppression.

2.6.1 Status

The status information allows you to view status information, including MAC address of WAN and LAN interface, received data and transmitted data in Bytes, received frames and transmitted frames, Error frames, dropped frames, and so on.

The status information for the EOC Master is displayed as the following screen.



2.6.2 Config

Click the <code>[Config]</code> displays the following screen:

Network Information	
MAC address:	E0:67:B3:22:10:60
Connect type:	Static IP ▼
IP address:	192.168.1.6
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0
Default gateway:	192.168.1.1
Modify	
If you modify the configuration on this pages, the con device is rebooted.	figuration will be saved, but it will have no effect on the device until the

In 『Network Information』, you can configure the Connect type, IP address, subnet mask, default gateway.

Note: Changing the IP address, subnet mask, default gateway perhaps lead to failure of visiting the WEB user interface.

2.6.3 VLAN

Click **VLAN** to display following screen.

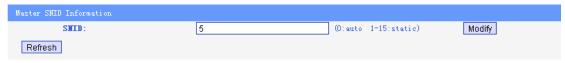
Management VLAN Information			
VLAN ID:	0	Modify	
VLAN Status:	VLAN[0]Has been set to inactivate mode	Active	
Refresh Help			

You can configure the VLAN of EOC Master. Click the modify button after you enter the VLAN ID to active the VLAN.

Note: If you active the VLAN of EOC Master, you should also do some configuration to make the link from the master to the management PC is ok.

2.6.4 SNID

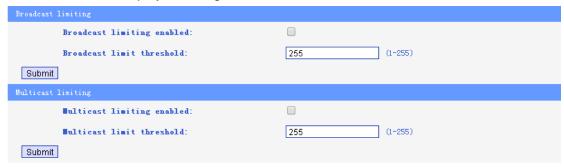
Click [SNID] to display following screen.



If there are several masters placed nearly, you can set the different SNID for master to avoid the interference between the mast.

2.6.5 Filter

Click [Filter] to display following screen.



You can enable the broadcast and multicast limiting function and setting the threshold parameter.

2.6.6 IGMP

Click <code>Igmp</code> to display following screen to set the value of query interval and the IGMP Vlan.

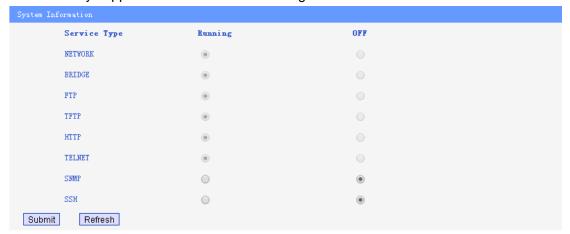


2.7 SERVICE

Click Network>Service to System information screen.

The windows will show the service of the system provided.

Now only support the SNMP service turning of or off.



2.8 SYSTEM

The SYSTEM menu provide the entry of Infomation、Running Status、Slave Type、IP Access Control、System Time、System Log、Account、Reboot、Factory、Upgrade、Backup Restore.

2.8.1 Information

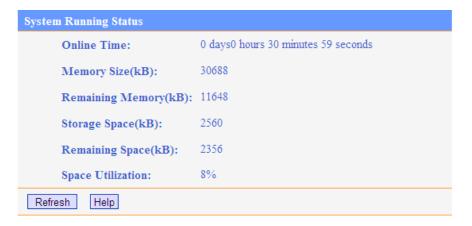
The system information allows you to view system information, including chip model, device type, software version, hardware version, serial number, SYS-MAC address, EOC-MAC address, amount of online slave, and so on.



2.8.2 Running Status

Click System Status on the main menu.

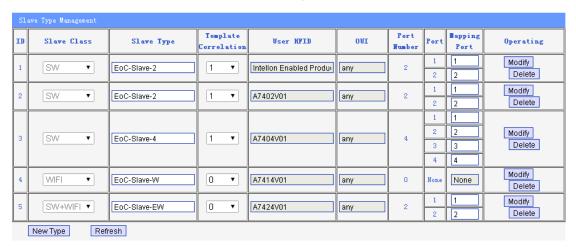
Result: The system and status information is displayed



The System Running Status shows the information, including online time, memory size, remaining memory, storage space, remaining space, space utilization.

2.8.3 Slave Type

Click SYSTEM>SlaveType to slave type management screen:



A list of slave type shown as above screen.

You can modify and delete the existing slave type.

And click New Type to add a new slave type.



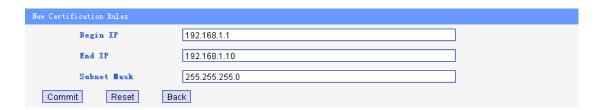
Click Submit button to active the new slave type, the new one will display in the Slave Type Management list.

2.8.4 IP Access Control

Click [IP Access Control] to display following screen.



You can set a IP list for access the master.



2.8.5 System Time



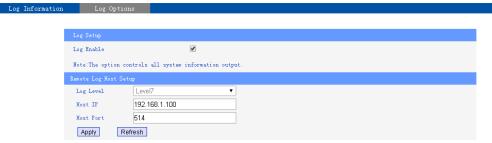
The master support NTP server and manual configure of the time.

2.8.6 System Log

Click SYSTEM>SystemLog to display the system log information:



You can click the refresh, clear log button to refresh or clear the log. < Log Options > let you set the log server.



2.8.7 Account

Click SYSTEM>Account to display Modify Account screen:



You can set new user name and password here.

2.8.8 Reboot

Click SYSTEM>Reboot to display the Reboot System and Reboot EOC Chip screen:

```
Reboot System

Click this button to reboot the system.

Reboot Eoc Chip

Click this button to reboot the eoc chip

Reboot Eoc Chip
```

After click the Reboot System button the system will countdown and display the following screen:

```
Reboot System

Click this button to reboot the system.

Instruction execution, Please wait... [32] seconds remaining

Reboot System
```

After click the Reboot EOC Chip button the system will countdown and display the following screen:

```
Reboot Ecc Chip

Click this button to reboot the ecc chip

Instruction execution, Please wait... [10] seconds remaining

Reboot Ecc Chip
```

2.8.9 Factory Set

Click SYSTEM>Factory to display fellow screen:

```
Factory Setting

Clicking this button would enable the system to restore all the ex-factory's default setting.

Restore Factory Setting
```

Click the Restore Factory Setting to restore factory settings, all configuration will be set to parameter assign by manufacturer.

```
Factory Setting

Clicking this button would enable the system to restore all the ex-factory's default setting.

Instruction execution, Please wait... [32] seconds remaining

Restore Factory Setting
```

2.8.10 Upgrade

Click SYSTEM>Upgrade to display System Upgrading screen:

System Upgrading		
FTP Server	192.168.1.100 21	Port
User	admin	
Password	admin	
Target	Firmware	•
Filename		
Download Upgrade Rebo	ot	

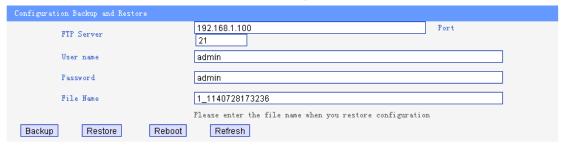
The device can upgrade from FTP server.

Do NOT turn off the device during the updating process, as it may corrupt the firmware and make the selected device unusable.

Please contact with us to get the latest version.

2.8.11 Backup Restore

Click <code>[ackup Restore]</code> to display the following screen.



Click Back button to save the current configuration to server.

2.9 EXIT



